(4) Tests of each door and emergency exit, to show that they operate properly after being subjected to the flight tests prescribed in paragraph (b)(3) of this section.

FIRE PROTECTION

§25.851 Fire extinguishers.

(a) Hand fire extinguishers. (1) The following minimum number of hand fire extinguishers must be conveniently located and evenly distributed in passenger compartments:

Passenger capacity	No. of extin- guishers
7 through 30	1 2 3
301 through 400	5 6 7 8

- (2) At least one hand fire extinguisher must be conveniently located in the pilot compartment.
- (3) At least one readily accessible hand fire extinguisher must be available for use in each Class A or Class B cargo or baggage compartment and in each Class E cargo or baggage compartment that is accessible to crewmembers in flight.
- (4) At least one hand fire extinguisher must be located in, or readily accessible for use in, each galley located above or below the passenger compartment.
- (5) Each hand fire extinguisher must be approved.
- (6) At least one of the required fire extinguishers located in the passenger compartment of an airplane with a passenger capacity of at least 31 and not more than 60, and at least two of the fire extinguishers located in the passenger compartment of an airplane with a passenger capacity of 61 or more must contain Halon 1211 (bromochlorodifluoromethane F₂), or equivalent, as the extinguishing agent. The type of extinguishing agent used in any other extinguisher required by this section must be appropriate for the kinds of fires likely to occur where used.
- (7) The quantity of extinguishing agent used in each extinguisher re-

quired by this section must be appropriate for the kinds of fires likely to occur where used.

- (8) Each extinguisher intended for use in a personnel compartment must be designed to minimize the hazard of toxic gas concentration.
- (b) Built-in fire extinguishers. If a built-in fire extinguisher is provided—
- (1) Each built-in fire extinguishing system must be installed so that—
- (i) No extinguishing agent likely to enter personnel compartments will be hazardous to the occupants; and
- (ii) No discharge of the extinguisher can cause structural damage.
- (2) The capacity of each required built-in fire extinguishing system must be adequate for any fire likely to occur in the compartment where used, considering the volume of the compartment and the ventilation rate.

[Amdt. 25-74, 56 FR 15456, Apr. 16, 1991]

§25.853 Compartment interiors.

For each compartment occupied by the crew or passengers, the following apply:

- (a) Materials (including finishes or decorative surfaces applied to the materials) must meet the applicable test criteria prescribed in part I of appendix F of this part, or other approved equivalent methods, regardless of the passenger capacity of the airplane.
 - (b) [Reserved]
- (c) In addition to meeting the requirements of paragraph (a) of this section, seat cushions, except those on flight crewmember seats, must meet the test requirements of part II of appendix F of this part, or other equivalent methods, regardless of the passenger capacity of the airplane.
- (d) Except as provided in paragraph (e) of this section, the following interior components of airplanes with passenger capacities of 20 or more must also meet the test requirements of parts IV and V of appendix F of this part, or other approved equivalent method, in addition to the flammability requirements prescribed in paragraph (a) of this section:
- (1) Interior ceiling and wall panels, other than lighting lenses and windows:
- (2) Partitions, other than transparent panels needed to enhance cabin safety;